SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE

AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND 2 CFR section 200.512(c)

June 30, 2024

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District Manlius, New York

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's ability to continue as a going
  concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress other postemployment benefit plans, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (non-GAAP basis) and actual – general fund, schedule of district contributions and schedule of district's proportionate share of net pension asset (liability) on pages 4-12 and 54-59, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about

the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's basic primary government financial statements. The schedule of change from adopted to final budget and the real property tax limit, the schedule of project expenditures – capital projects fund, net investment in capital assets, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) on pages 60-62 and page 68, respectively, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of change from adopted to final budget and the real property tax limit, the schedule of project expenditures – capital projects fund, net investment in capital assets and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of change from adopted to final budget and the real property tax limit, the schedule of project expenditures – capital projects fund, net investment in capital assets, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2024 on our consideration of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Syracuse, New York

Trossman St Amour CPAs

October 7, 2024

Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District (the District) is a K-12 public school District located in Manlius, New York. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) according to Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments (GASB 34) require the reporting of two types of financial statements: District Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements. GASB 34 also requires presentation of the Management's Discussion and Analysis. Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to be the District's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 based upon currently known facts, decisions, or conditions and both sets of financial statements.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### Figure A-1 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> <li>Reconciliation of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to the statement of activities.</li> <li>Reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the statement of net position.</li> </ul>	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus.
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included.
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. Generally, the District is required by New York State General Municipal Law (para.36) to follow the system of accounts formulated and prescribed by the New York State Comptroller.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).
- Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, reconciliation schedules are provided on pages 16 and 18 that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars)

Figures A-2 and A-3 provide a summarized overview of the District's financial status and change for the current fiscal year as of June 30, 2024 and a comparison to fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Net position decreased by \$1,598 from the prior year.

<u>Figure A-2</u> <u>Summary of Net Position (in thousands of dollars)</u>

			Increase
			(Decrease)
			from
	2024	2023	Fiscal 2023
Current and Other Assets	\$ 34,054	\$ 32,128	\$ 1,926
Capital Assets	113,438	95,218	18,220
Net Pension Asset			
Total Assets	147,492	127,346	20,146
Deferred Outflows of Resources	43,462	55,919	(12,457)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 190,954	\$ 183,265	\$ 7,689
Total Debt	\$ 58,959	\$ 47,042	\$ 11,917
Other Long-Term Liabilities	215,445	209,938	5,507
Net Pension Liability	7,640	11,376	(3,736)
Other Liabilities	4,563	2,565	1,998
Total Liabilities	286,607	270,921	15,686
Deferred Inflows of Resources	30,291	36,690	(6,399)
Net Decition			
Net Position	E4 404	40.240	6 204
Net Investment in Capital Assets	54,494	48,210	6,284
Restricted	17,397	14,014	3,383
Unrestricted Net Deficit	(197,835)	(186,570)	(11,265)
Total Net Position	(125,944)	(124,346)	(1,598)
Total Liabilities, Inflows, and Net Position	\$ 190,954	\$ 183,265	\$ 7,689

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars) (continued)

In general, revenues increased but expenses increased slightly more, causing a decrease in Net Position equal to \$1,598.

<u>Figure A-3</u>
<u>Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (in thousands of dollars)</u>

			Increase
			(Decrease)
	Government	al Activities	from
	2024	2023	Fiscal 2023
Revenues		·	
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,438	\$ 93
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,101	2,418	(317)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	66,654	63,686	2,968
State Formula Aid	32,871	28,667	4,204
Interest Earnings	2,207	1,428	779
Miscellaneous	6,629	6,460	169
Total Revenues	111,993	104,097	7,896
Expenses			
General Support	12,864	12,411	453
Instruction	88,078	80,496	7,582
Pupil Transportation	9,721	9,211	510
Community Service	-	-	-
Debt Service	1,534	1,944	(410)
Cost of Sales - Food	1,394	1,250	144
Total Expenses	113,591	105,312	8,279
(Decrease) Increase in Net Position	\$ (1,598)	\$ (1,215)	\$ (383)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars) (continued)

			C	Change
				from
2024	_	2023		2023
\$ 413	\$	413	\$	-
23,909	)	4,232		19,677
2,032		5,974		(3,942)
80,916	<b>,</b>	79,010		1,906
2,657	•	2,614		43
3,511	<u> </u>	2,975		536
\$ 113,438	\$	95,218	\$	18,220
	\$ 413 23,909 2,032 80,916 2,657 3,511		\$ 413 \$ 413 23,909 4,232 2,032 5,974 80,916 79,010 2,657 2,614 3,511 2,975	2024       2023         \$ 413       \$ 413       \$ 23,909       4,232       5,974       4,232       2,032       5,974       4,232       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,975       5,974       5,974       5,975       5,974

Figure A-5 illustrates District Fund Balances.

#### **Fund Balances**

							Sp	ecial		
	Capital WW	Capital			Sch	nool	Rev	enue	Capital	Non-
General	Pre Ref	2021 Ref	Special A	id	Lu	nch	Fu	ınds	Maj	or
\$ 24,799	\$ -	\$ (17,182)	\$	-	\$	663	\$	380	\$	1,339

Budget management is evidenced by the District's strong commitment to maintaining the maximum limits for unassigned fund balance. The District also has created and maintained reserves to offset future liabilities that may arise which include tax certiorari, unemployment, and workers' compensation. For 2023-24, the District operations resulted in an unassigned general fund balance of \$4,450. The District assigned \$1,068 of the general fund balance to the 2024-25 budget.

Special Aid Fund consists of District federal grants and special education summer school. Any expenses not covered by special aid fund revenue are covered by the general fund, resulting in a zero fund balance.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars) (continued)

The Special Revenue Funds consist of the Extraclassroom fund balance of \$342 and scholarship fund balance of \$38.

The December 2017 Capital Referendum was approved in December 2017 for \$42,000 and includes renovations at Enders Road, High School, Wellwood Middle School and a Districtwide energy performance contract. The District obtained permanent financing in June 2022. This project has been completed.

Capital Projects shows a fund balance of \$1,339. This fund consists principally of approved capital transfer expenditures and school bus purchases. The District, through a vehicle replacement plan combined with inspection reports, determines the required number of school buses each year. Since 2017-18 the District has financed buses through bus bonds. The District will receive one-fifth of the applicable state aid each year based on the current transportation aid ratio.

The December 2021 capital referendum was approved in December 2021 for \$52,000 and includes additions and renovations at the High School. A capital reserve of \$7,200 was used to finance the initial design and preconstruction costs. The negative fund balance of \$17,182 is due to temporary financing and will be offset when the District obtains permanent financing for the project.

The May 2024 capital referendum was approved in May 2024 for \$15,400 and includes HVAC, safety & security upgrades and roofing. This project will affect all six academic buildings as well as the Transportation center, ICC building and District office building.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Figure A-6 compares the District's performance for the general fund for both revenues and expenditures.

Figure A-6					
General Fund	d Expenditure an	d Revenues Ana	lysis for 2023-24	4 (in thousands of dollar	<u>rs)</u>
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Final Actual	Variance Final Budget to Original Budget	Variance Final Actual to Final Budget
<u>Expenses</u>	\$104,967	\$106,087	\$102,178	1.1%	(3.7%)
Revenues	\$104,648	\$104,648	\$107,645	0.0%	2.9%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars) (continued)

#### **Total Expenses**

The 1.1% increase from Original Budget to the Final Budget is due to the following:

1. Encumbrances, a routine business cycle item, of \$1,093 were applied for the 2022-23 school year to be paid in the 2023-24 school year. These encumbrances represent orders placed but not billed at the close of the fiscal year.

The final actual expenditure results compared to the final budget shows the final actual being \$3,909 below the final budget. The 3.7% reduced expenditure was principally caused by the following adjustments:

- 1. Encumbrances, a routine business cycle item, of \$1,922 were applied for the 2023-24 school year to be paid in the 2024-25 school year.
- 2. Expenditures were favorable to budget due to strategic spending practices.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

In general, the New York State Legislature has authorized the power and procedure for the District to borrow and incur indebtedness by enactment of the Local Finance Law, subject to the constitutional provisions set forth. For this District, the maximum limit on borrowing is generally capped at 10% of the full valuation of the taxable real property in the District. On September 1, 2023, when property taxes were levied for the 2023-24 school year, that valuation was (in thousands) \$3,293,807 for an approximate statutory debt limit of \$329,381. The District's current outstanding indebtedness is \$54,792 or 1.66%, which is well below statutory requirements.

#### Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Revenue: The New York State Legislature has enacted legislation that has established a "property tax cap" which limits the increase in the tax levy based upon calculation factors in growth in taxable value and inflation (CPI). This limitation could severely limit the amount of tax levy that the district can collect. However, the District continues to see growth in taxable values, which allows for increases in the tax levy without major effect on tax rates. New York State has fully funded the District for foundation aid.

Expenditures: The District continues to employ a conservative budgeting practice, which includes funding for contingency spending in case of significant and unforeseen expenditures arising during the course of the fiscal year. For 2024-25 the District does not anticipate any changes in educational program or educational standards nor do we anticipate anything that would adversely affect the strong financial position of the district. Since 30% of the District's revenue is dependent on state aid any future economic downturn that could affect New York State may have a negative effect on school district revenues. Debt service expenditures are budgeted and expected to increase as additional capital projects occur but there has been minimal negative impact on the financial condition of the District primarily due to underspending the annual budget through fiscal restraint and sound business practices.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (all figures in thousands of dollars) (continued)

#### Factors Bearing on the District's Future (continued)

School Lunch Fund: An internal audit performed during 2023-24 revealed suspicious purchases. The District immediately began an investigation with assistance from the Manlius Police Department and the school's legal counsel. The investigation led to an employee in a supervisory capacity resigning from the District. The District's legal counsel then contracted with an external certified public accounting firm to conduct a forensic audit of food service activity. The forensic audit firm has identified an estimated value of suspect food purchases. School officials physically recovered equipment with a value of \$6,224 from the former employee with assistance from the Manlius Police Department. The investigation is ongoing and is currently being handled by law enforcement. The District has subsequently reviewed policies and procedures to enhance and develop additional internal controls to help mitigate future risk and fraud opportunities.

Balance Sheet: The District has a healthy balance sheet with adequate reserve funds established to cover future liabilities, including any future litigation against the District. The financial position of the District is still dependent on New York State's financial position. The District established a new voter approved capital reserve fund in May 2023 to help offset the local share of any future capital projects and to reduce the amount to be financed.

Enrollment: The District's enrollment has been fairly consistent over the past several years in the District.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District, Manlius, New York.

## FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

ASSETS	
Cash	
Unrestricted	\$ 13,475,334
Restricted	17,396,755
Receivables	
State and federal aid	1,286,662
Due from other governments	1,269,144
Other	558,255
Inventories	67,501
Capital assets, net	113,438,086
Total assets	147,491,737
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other postemployment benefits	23,967,688
Pensions	19,494,126
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 190,953,551
LIABILITIES	
Payables	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,591,697
Accrued liabilities	884,369
Notes payable	·
Bond anticipation	15,100,000
Deferred credits	
Deferred revenue	86,503
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable	3,727,821
Due to employees retirement system	499,414
Due to teachers' retirement system - employee	349,845
Due to teachers' retirement system - employer	3,542,519
Compensated absences payable	233,775
Other postemployment benefits payable	9,843,406
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable	35,885,000
Compensated absences payable	2,832,242
Other postemployment benefits payable	198,143,847
Premium on bond refunding	4,246,710
Net pension liability - proportionate share	7,639,554
Total liabilities	286,606,702
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other postemployment benefits	26,254,154
Deferred amount on defeasance	15,000
Pensions	4,022,222
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,291,376
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	54,493,555
Restricted	17,396,755
Unrestricted deficit	(197,834,837)
Total net position	(125,944,527)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 190,953,551
. I the manner and her person.	<del>- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +</del>

#### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
General support	\$ (9,436,070)	\$ (3,427,994)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,864,064)
Instruction	(59,405,239)	(28,672,742)	251,262	1,773,153	(86,053,566)
Pupil transportation	(6,444,610)	(3,275,874)	-	-	(9,720,484)
Employee benefits	(35,376,610)	35,376,610	-	-	-
Debt service	(1,534,684)	. , , <u>-</u>	-	-	(1,534,684)
School lunch program	(1,393,802)		1,279,305	328,109	213,612
Total functions and programs	\$ (113,591,015)	\$ -	\$ 1,530,567	\$ 2,101,262	(109,959,186)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Real property taxes					\$ 66,654,427
Other tax items					3,498,001
Nonproperty taxes					201,760
Use of money and property					2,344,968
Sale of property and compensation for loss					213,892
Miscellaneous					2,217,812
State sources					32,871,216
Medicaid reimbursement					358,877
Total general revenues					108,360,953
Change in net assets					(1,598,233)
Total net position - beginning of year					(124,346,294)
Total net position - end of year					\$ (125,944,527)

#### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

Page		_	Ma	ajor Fun	ds						Non-Major						
Section   Sect					Control		Ci-l		Calcard				Constant		Control	Total	
Cache   Cach			Conoral	202								Doc 20				GC	
Cash Unerstricted 1,388,381 5 1,889,961 5 10,818,65 1,074 5 632,109 34,242 5 5 5.08 5 13,473,378,74		_	General	202	1 Kelerelluulli		Alu	_	LUIICII		ruiius	Dec 20	17 Kelerellaulli	_	Projects	_	ruiius
Directricced   1,18,189,18   5,18,186   5,10,18   5,20,19   34,240   5,28,18   5,18,	ASSETS																
Passificide   1,73,85    1,73,7	Cash																
Receivables Use from other funds	Unrestricted	\$	11,880,961	\$	618,186	\$	1,074	\$	632,109		342,420	\$	-	\$	584	\$	13,475,334
Due fon other funds	Restricted		17,358,881		-				-		37,874		-				17,396,75
Accounts receivable	Receivables																
State and federal aid   1,080,366   192,853   12,943   12,943   12,945   12,955	Due from other funds		771,715		-				149,370		-		-		1,499,160		2,420,24
Due from cheer governments	Accounts receivable		548,007		-				10,248		-		-				558,25
Propade granditures	State and federal aid		1,080,866		-		192,853		12,943		-		-				1,286,66
Propade granditures	Due from other governments		1,269,144		-				-		-		_				1,269,14
Immentationis			· · · · -		=				-		-		_				
Total assets			_		-				67.501		_		_				67,50
Description   Payable		Ś	32.909.574	Ś	618.186	Ś	193,927	Ś		Ś	380.294	Ś		Ś	1.499.744	Ś	
Payable					-			_	,		550,25					<u> </u>	
Payable	HARHITIES				-								_				
Accursed habilities 83.53.22 \$ 2,099.605 \$ 1,2705 \$ 1,727 \$ 5 \$ \$ 151,318 \$ 3,591.6 Accursed habilities 83.53.22 \$ 68.8 \$ 30.079 \$ 9,370 \$ 2.420.2 \$ 8.84.3 \$ 10.0 ther funds 1,499.100 \$ 640,313 \$ 168,947 \$ 102,455 \$ \$ 9,370 \$ 2.420.2 \$ 9.00 ther funds 1,499.100 \$ 640,313 \$ 168,947 \$ 102,455 \$ \$ \$ 9,370 \$ 2.420.2 \$ 9.00 ther funds 1,499.100 \$ 1.00 therefunds 1,499.													_				
Accrued liabilities 833,922	•	ċ	1 266 242	ė	2 050 605	ċ	12 705	ċ	1 727	ċ		ċ	_	ċ	151 210	ċ	2 501 60
Due to to ther funds   1,499,160   640,313   168,947   102,455   9,370   2,420,22		Ą		Y		Ţ		Ţ		Ţ		Y	_	Ţ	131,310	Ţ	
Bond Interest and matured bonds					640.213										0.270		
Due to teachers' retirement system   499,44			1,499,100		040,313		100,947		102,433		-		-		9,370		2,420,24
Due to teacher's retirement system - employer         349,845			400 414		-				-		-		-				400 41
Due to teacher's retrement system - employer   3,542,519					-				-		-		-				,
Notes payable Bond anticipation Deferred credits:  Deferred deredits:  Deferred revenues Statistics					-				-		-		-				
Bond anticipation   15,100,000   15,100,00			3,542,519		-				-		-		-				3,542,51
Deferred receitis:   25													-				
Defered revenues   25			-		15,100,000		-		-		-		-				15,100,000
Total liabilities 8,110.897 17,799.918 193,927 209,162 - 160,688 26,474,55  FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable: Reserve for inventory 6,750 - 67,501 - 67,501  Reserved for debt. service 1,030,522 - 7,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0													-				
Pub Balances																	
Nonspendable:   Reserve for inventory   1,030,522   1,030,522   1,030,525	Total liabilities		8,110,897	-	17,799,918		193,927		209,162						160,688		26,474,59
Nonspendable:   Reserve for inventory   -	ELIND RALANCES				-								-				
Reserve for inventory													_				
Restricted For         Reserved for debt service         1,030,52         -         -         1,030,52         -         1,030,52         -         1,030,52         -         1,030,52         -         1,030,52         -         1,030,52         -         2,407,08         -         2,407,08         -         2,407,08         -         2,407,00         Reserved for stace and local retirement system contributions         1,843,995         -         -         -         -         1,843,99         -         -         -         -         2,407,00         Reserved for teacher's retirement system contributions         2,717,804         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -         -         -         2,717,80         -	•								67 501								67.50
Reserved for debt service 1,030,522 1,030,5 Reserved for tax certiorari 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084 2,407,084									07,301				_				07,50.
Reserved for tax certiorari			1 020 522														1 020 52
Reserved for state and local retirement system contributions         1,843,995         -         -         -         1,843,99           Reserved for teacher's retirement system contributions         2,717,804         -         -         -         -         2,717,8           Reserved for imployee benefit accrued liabilities         3,066,017         -         -         -         3,066,0         2,818,6         8         -         -         -         2,818,6         8         -         -         -         2,818,6         8         -         -         -         -         2,818,6         8         -         -         -         -         2,818,6         8         -         -         -         -         2,818,66         8         -         -         -         -         -         2,818,66         8         -					_				_		_		_				
Reserved for teacher's retirement system contributions Reserved for employee benefit accrued liabilities 3,066,017 - Reserved for iability claims 2,818,628 - Reserved for liability claims 2,818,628 - Reserved for unemployment insurance 1,660,459 - Reserved for unemployment insurance 28,140 - Reserved for capital - 2023 1,786,232 - Restricted for scholarships - Committed To: Committed fund balance - Assigned appropriated fund balance 1,067,605 - Assigned unappropriated fund balance 1,021,998 - Unassigned fund balance - 4,450,193 - Total fund balance					-				-		-		-				
Reserved for employee benefit accrued liabilities 3,066,017 3,066,00 Reserved for liability claims 2,818,628 2,818,60 Reserved for worker's compensation 1,660,459 2,818,60 Reserved for worker's compensation 1,660,459	•				-				-		-		-				
Reserved for liability claims         2,818,628         -         -         -         2,818,6           Reserved for worker's compensation         1,660,459         -         -         -         1,660,4           Reserved for unemployment insurance         28,140         -         -         -         28,1           Reserved for capital - 2023         1,786,232         -         -         -         -         1,786,2           Restricted for scholarships         -         -         -         37,874         -         -         37,8           Committed To:         -         -         342,420         -         342,4           Committed fund balance         -         -         -         342,420         -         342,4           Assigned appropriated fund balance         1,067,605         (17,181,732)         -         -         -         1,339,056         (14,775,0           Assigned unappropriated fund balance         1,921,998         -         595,508         -         -         2,517,5           Unassigned fund balance         4,450,193         -         -         -         -         4,450,1           Total fund balance         4,450,193	•				-				-		-		-				
Reserved for worker's compensation         1,660,459         -         -         1,660,4           Reserved for unemployment insurance         28,140         -         -         -         28,1           Reserved for capital - 2023         1,786,232         -         -         -         1,786,2           Restricted for scholarships         -         -         -         37,874         -         37,8           Committed To:         -         -         -         342,420         -         342,4           Committed fund balance         -         -         -         342,420         -         342,4           Assigned To:         -         -         -         -         -         -         342,4           Assigned appropriated fund balance         1,067,605         (17,181,732)         -         -         -         1,339,056         (14,775,0           Assigned unappropriated fund balance         1,921,998         -         595,508         -         -         2,517,5           Unassigned:         -         -         -         -         -         -         2,517,5           Unassigned fund balance         4,450,193         -         -         -         -         -					-				-		-		-				
Reserved for unemployment insurance         28,140         -         -         -         28,14           Reserved for capital - 2023         1,786,232         -         -         -         1,786,2           Restricted for scholarships         -         -         37,874         -         37,8           Committed To:         -	•				-				-		-		-				
Reserved for capital - 2023       1,786,232       -       -       -       1,786,22         Restricted for scholarships       -       -       -       37,874       -       37,8         Committed To:       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					-				-		-		-				
Restricted for scholarships         -         -         -         37,8           Committed To:         -         -         342,420         -         342,42           Committed fund balance         -         -         -         342,420         -         -         342,42           Assigned To:         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,339,056         (14,775,000)         -         -         -         -         1,339,056         (14,775,000)         -					-				-		-		-				
Committed To:         -         <			1,786,232		-				-				-				
Committed fund balance         -         -         342,420         -         342,420           Assigned To:         - </td <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>37,874</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>37,87</td>	·		-		-				-		37,874		-				37,87
Assigned To:       Assigned appropriated fund balance     1,067,605     (17,181,732)     -     -     -     1,339,056     (14,775,0       Assigned unappropriated fund balance     1,921,998     -     595,508     -     -     -     2,517,5       Unassigned:     -     -     -     -     -     -     4,450,19       Unassigned fund balance     4,450,193     -     -     -     -     -     4,450,1       Total fund balances     24,798,677     (17,181,732)     -     663,009     380,294     -     1,339,056     9,999,3					-								-				
Assigned appropriated fund balance 1,067,605 (17,181,732) 1,339,056 (14,775,0 Assigned unappropriated fund balance 1,921,998 - 595,508 2,517,5 Unassigned:			-		-				-		342,420		-				342,420
Assigned unappropriated fund balance 1,921,998 - 595,508 2,517,508  Unassigned: - 595,508 2,517,5  Unassigned fund balance - 4,450,193 4,450,1  Total fund balances 24,798,677 (17,181,732) - 663,009 380,294 - 1,339,056 9,999,3	<del>-</del>				-								-				
Unassigned:         - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(17,181,732)</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>1,339,056</td><td></td><td>(14,775,07</td></th<>					(17,181,732)		-		-		-		-		1,339,056		(14,775,07
Unassigned fund balance         4,450,193         -         -         -         -         4,450,1           Total fund balances         24,798,677         (17,181,732)         -         663,009         380,294         -         1,339,056         9,999,3			1,921,998		-				595,508		-		-				2,517,50
Total fund balances 24,798,677 (17,181,732) - 663,009 380,294 - 1,339,056 9,999,3					-								-				
<del></del>					-				-								4,450,19
- C40 402 C37	Total fund balances		24,798,677		(17,181,732)				663,009		380,294				1,339,056		9,999,30
	Total Bakillian and Sund had		22.000.57		-		402.02=		072 171		200 22 4	•			4 400 746		26 472 67

See notes to basic financial statements

#### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-term Assets, Liabilities	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Net Position Totals
ASSETS				
Cash				
Unrestricted	\$ 13,475,334	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,475,334
Restricted	17,396,755	-	-	17,396,755
Accounts receivable	558,255	-	-	558,255
Due from other funds	2,420,245	-	(2,420,245)	-
Due from other governments	2,555,806	-	-	2,555,806
Prepaid expenditures	_	-	-	-
Inventories	67,501	-	-	67,501
Land, buildings and equipment (net)	-	113,438,086	_	113,438,086
zana) sanango ana eqaipment (net)	-			
Total assets	\$ 36,473,896	\$ 113,438,086	\$ (2,420,245)	\$ 147,491,737
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other postemployment benefits	-	23,967,688	-	23,967,688
Pensions		19,494,126		19,494,126
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 36,473,896	\$ 156,899,900	\$ (2,420,245)	\$ 190,953,551
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,591,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,591,697
Accrued liabilities	884,369	-	· -	884,369
Bonds payable	, -	39,612,821	-	39,612,821
Bond anticipation notes payable	15,100,000		_	15,100,000
Due to other funds	2,420,245	_	(2,420,245)	-
Due to employee's retirement system	499,414	_	(2) .20)2 .0)	499,414
Due to teachers' retirement system - EE	349,845	_	_	349,845
Due to teachers' retirement system - ER	3,542,519	-	-	3,542,519
Deferred credits:  Deferred revenue	00.503			96 503
	86,503	2.000.017	-	86,503
Compensated absences	-	3,066,017	-	3,066,017
Postemployment benefits	-	207,987,253	-	207,987,253
Premium on bond refunding	-	4,246,710	-	4,246,710
Net pension liability-proportionate share		7,639,554		7,639,554
Total liabilities	26,474,592	262,552,355	(2,420,245)	286,606,702
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other postemployment benefits	-	26,254,154	-	26,254,154
Defeasance gain	-	15,000	-	15,000
Pensions		4,022,222		4,022,222
FUND EQUITY\NET POSITION				
Total fund equity/net position (deficit)	9,999,304	(135,943,831)		(125,944,527)

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

#### and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Major Funds				Non-Major Funds				
						Other Special	Capital		Total
			Capital	Special	School	Revenue	Dec 2017	Capital	Governmental
		General	2021 Referendum	Aid	Lunch	Funds	Referendum	Projects	Funds
REVENUES									
Real property taxes	\$	66,654,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,654,42
Other tax items	Ų	3,498,001	· ·	- ب	Į.	- <b>,</b> -	· ·	- -	3,498,00
Nonproperty taxes		201,760				_			201,76
Charges for services		251,760				_			251,26
Use of money and property		2,344,968	-	-		-	-	-	2,344,96
Sale of property and		2,344,308	_	_		-	_	_	2,344,30
compensation for loss		213,892							213,89
Miscellaneous		1,120,916	512,220	-	16,03	- 9 587,379	- 1,177	1,065	2,238,79
			312,220	465.005			1,177		
State sources		32,334,104	-	465,985	7,16	-	-	63,960	32,871,21
Medicaid reimbursement		358,877	-	1 772 152	205.42		-	-	358,87
Federal sources		-	-	1,773,153	205,13		-	-	1,978,28
Surplus food		-	-	-	122,97		-	-	122,97
Sales - school lunch		400 070 207		2 220 420	1,279,30	_	- 4 477		1,279,30
Total revenues		106,978,207	512,220	2,239,138	1,630,62	587,379	1,177	65,025	112,013,76
EXPENDITURES									
General support		9,075,558	-	-			-	-	9,075,55
Instruction		51,792,523	-	2,225,069			-	-	54,017,59
Pupil transportation		5,477,773	-	101,683			-	-	5,579,45
Employee benefits		27,338,581	-	17,286	274,71	1 -	-	-	27,630,57
Debt service									
Principal		3,936,070	-	-			-	-	3,936,07
Interest		1,963,704	-	-			-	-	1,963,70
Cost of sales		-	-	-	701,26	7 -	-	-	701,26
Other expenditures		_	_	_	692,53	5 552,464	-	_	1,244,99
Capital outlay		487,209	20,813,560	1,862	56,78		_	2,942,014	24,301,42
Total expenditures		100,071,418	20,813,560	2,345,900	1,725,29	_	=	2,942,014	128,450,65
[									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues  Over expenditures		6,906,789	(20,301,340)	(106,762)	(94,67	4) 34,915	1,177	(2,876,989)	(16,436,88
over experiances	-	0,300,703	(20,301,340)	(100,702)	(54,07	34,313		(2,670,363)	(10,430,00
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES									
Bond proceeds		-	-	-			-	1,162,821	1,162,82
Interfund transfers		666,824	-	106,762			-	2,000,000	2,773,58
Operating transfers (out)		(2,106,761)	(512,220)	-		<u> </u>	(15,837)	(138,768)	(2,773,58
Total other sources (uses)		(1,439,937)	(512,220)	106,762		<u> </u>	(15,837)	3,024,053	1,162,82
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
and other sources over									
expenditures and other (uses)		5,466,852	(20,813,560)	-	(94,67	4) 34,915	(14,660)	147,064	(15,274,0
Fund balances - beginning of year		19,331,825	3,631,828		757,68	345,379	14,660	1,191,992	25,273,36
Fund balances - end of year	\$	24,798,677	\$ (17,181,732)	\$ -	\$ 663,00	9 \$ 380,294	\$ -	\$ 1,339,056	\$ 9,999,30
rana salances ena or year	<del>,</del>	۷٦,١٥٥,٥١١	y (17,101,732)	<del>-</del>	7 003,00	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	7 1,339,030	5,555,5

## Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-term Revenue, Expenses	Capital Related Items	Long-term Debt Transactions	Statement of Activities Totals
REVENUES					
Real property taxes	\$ 66,654,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,654,427
Other tax items	3,498,001	-	-	-	3,498,001
Nonproperty taxes	201,760	-	-	-	201,760
Charges for services	251,262	-	-	-	251,262
Use of money and property Sale of property and	2,344,968	-	-	-	2,344,968
compensation for loss	\$ 213,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 213,892
Miscellaneous	2,238,796	-	(20,984)	-	2,217,812
State sources	32,871,216	-	-	-	32,871,216
Medicaid reimbursement	358,877	-	-	-	358,877
Federal sources	1,978,286	-	-	-	1,978,286
Surplus food	122,976	-	-	-	122,976
Sales - school lunch	1,279,305				1,279,305
Total revenues	112,013,766		(20,984)		111,992,782
EXPENDITURES\EXPENSES					
General support	9,075,558	-	360,512	-	9,436,070
Instruction	54,017,592	-	4,835,183	-	58,852,775
Pupil transportation	5,579,456	-	865,154	-	6,444,610
Employee benefits	27,630,578	3,234,490	-	4,511,542	35,376,610
Debt service	5,899,774	-	-	(4,365,090)	1,534,684
Cost of sales	701,267	-	-	-	701,267
Other expenditures	1,244,999	-	-	-	1,244,999
Capital outlay	24,301,426		(24,301,426)		
Total expenditures	128,450,650	3,234,490	(18,240,577)	146,452	113,591,015
Excess (deficiency)					
of revenues over expenditures	(16,436,884)	(3,234,490)	18,219,593	(146,452)	(1,598,233)
OTHER SOURCES AND USES					
Bond proceeds	1,162,821	-	-	(1,162,821)	-
Operating transfers in	2,773,586	(2,773,586)	-	-	-
Operating transfers (out)	(2,773,586)	2,773,586			
Total other sources (uses)	1,162,821			(1,162,821)	
Net change for the year	\$ (15,274,063)	\$ (3,234,490)	\$ 18,219,593	\$ (1,309,273)	\$ (1,598,233)

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

#### A) Reporting entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement 39, Component Units, GASB 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB No. 14 and No. 39, GASB Statement 80 - Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, GASB No. 84 Fiduciary Activities and GASB No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 AND NO. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### Extraclassroom Activity Funds:

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the District's business office. The district accounts for assets held for various student organizations in a special revenue fund.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B) Joint venture:

The District is a component district in Onondaga Cortland Madison Board of Cooperative Education Services (OCMBOCES). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. There are 23 participating school districts, including Fayetteville-Manlius, in OCMBOCES.

The participation in OCMBOCES is accounted for as a joint venture by the District since it has both an ongoing financial interest and an ongoing financial responsibility to OCMBOCES. The District has an ongoing financial interest since OCMBOCES pays surpluses to the component districts on an annual basis, although the District has no equity interest in OCMBOCES. The District does not control the financial or operating policies of OCMBOCES; however, it has an ongoing financial responsibility since the continued existence of OCMBOCES depends on continued funding from the participating school districts.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES' Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$7,939,334 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,820,321. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the OCMBOCES administrative office at 6820 Thompson Road, Syracuse, New York 13221-4754. As of June 30, 2023 (the most recent available audited financial statements), OCMBOCES has a total net position (deficit) of \$(190,871,739).

The District contracts with OCMBOCES whereby the contracts conveys control of the right to use the underlying assets in the contracts for a period of time in an exchange like transaction. These contracts at inception, have terms ranging from 4 to 5 years and are for technology and other equipment. These contracts are not significant to these financial statements and are recognized as an outflow of resources in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contracts.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### C) Basis of presentation:

#### i) District-wide financial statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### ii) Fund financial statements:

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, child nutrition operations, and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Funds:</u> Used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with Federal funds or State or Local grants.

School Lunch Fund: Used to account for transactions of the lunch and breakfast programs.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Other Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Extraclassroom Activities</u>: Used to account for funds of the students of the District that are committed for use by student organizations.

<u>Expendable Trust</u>: Used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students, which is restricted for such use.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities. For these funds, each capital project is assessed to determine whether it is a major or non-major fund. Those capital projects that are determined to be major are reported in separate columns in the financial statements.

<u>Debt Service Fund:</u> This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of the related bonds outstanding.

#### D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District generally considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year as it matches the liquidation of related obligations.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pensions, and other post-employment benefits which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### E) Property taxes:

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, 2023 and become a lien on August 31, 2023. Taxes were collected during the period September 5, 2023 to October 31, 2023. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Onondaga and Madison Counties, in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

#### F) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### G) Inter-fund transactions:

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid with one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for inter-fund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all inter-fund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all inter-fund transactions as originally recorded. Inter-fund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 8 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### H) Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, OPEB, ERS/TRS liabilities, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I) Cash and investments:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### J) Accounts receivable:

Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K) Inventories and prepaid items:

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value that approximates market. Purchases of inventorial items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount. Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. A reserve for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of the fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### L) Other assets/restricted assets:

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. In the district-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond insurance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### M) Capital assets:

Capital assets, except for technology equipment, are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 1999. Assets acquired prior to July 1, 1999 and technology equipment are reported at estimated historical cost based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. Land and construction in process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>	
Buildings	\$1,000	Straight Line	50 yrs.	
Building improvements	1,000	Straight Line	20 yrs.	
Site improvements	1,000	Straight Line	20 yrs.	
Furniture and equipment	1,000	Straight Line	5-15 yrs.	

#### N) Deferred revenue:

The District reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, deferred revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and recognized.

#### O) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has four items that qualifies for this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorted of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### O) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue - property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

#### P) Vested employee benefits:

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation. Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### Q) Other benefits:

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System or the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Q) Other benefits (continued)

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure. For the year ended June 30, 2024 the District recognized \$5,684,575 for its share of insurance premiums for currently enrolled retirees.

#### R) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. Such notes may be classified as part of the General Long-Term Debt Account Group when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance-sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### S) Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations:

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### T) Fund Balance Classifications

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

**Net investment in capital assets** – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

**Restricted net position** – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**Non-spendable** fund balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$67,501.

**Restricted** - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances at June 30, 2024:

General	l Fund:
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Reserved for Debt Service	\$ 1,030,522
Reserved for Tax Certiorari	2,407,084
Reserved for State and Local Retirement System Contribution	1,843,995
Reserved for Teacher's Retirement System Contributions	2,717,804
Reserved for Employee Benefit Accrued Liabilities	3,066,017
Reserved for Liability Claims	2,818,628
Reserved for Workers' Compensation	1,660,459
Reserved for Unemployment Insurance	28,140
Reserved for Capital - 2023	1,786,232
Special Revenue Funds:	
Restricted for Scholarships	 37,874
	\$ 17,396,755

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following restricted funds are available to school districts within the State of New York:

#### Capital Reserve Fund

According to Education Law §3651, expenditures made from the capital reserve fund must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Debt Service Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-I, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations which remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of School District property or capital improvement. This reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

#### Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, expenditures made from the employee benefit accrued liability reserve fund must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Insurance Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, all expenditures made from the insurance reserve fund must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Liability Claims and Property Loss Reserve Fund**

According to Education Law §1709(8)(c), funds must be used to pay for liability claims and property loss incurred. Separate funds for liability claims and property loss are required and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts with a population under 125,000. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Repair Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-d, expenditures made from the repair reserve fund must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, all expenditures made from the retirement contributions reserve fund must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Tax Certiorari Reserve Fund

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, funds must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Unemployment Insurance Payment Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, all expenditures made from the unemployment insurance payment reserve fund must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, all expenditures made from the worker's compensation reserve fund must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year. Encumbrances held by the District at June 30, 2024 totaled \$1,921,998.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

**Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has \$342,420 in committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024 for student deposits of the extra classroom fund.

Assigned - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund. Assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$1,921,998. The School Lunch Fund also reports assigned fund balance of \$595,508. The District's General Fund encumbrances were classified as follows:

General support	\$ 449,946
Instruction	1,075,133
Pupil transportation	45,975
Employee benefits	 350,944
	\$ 1,921,998

**Unassigned** - Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds, excluding the reserve for tax reduction, a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year, encumbrances and amounts reserved for insurance recoveries are also excluded from the 4% limitation. See supplemental schedule #5 for more information.

Net position Flow Assumption: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted sources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the district-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption: Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 – Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determine next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### U) New Accounting Standards:

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2024, the District implemented the following new standard issued by GASB:

- GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. This statement addresses a variety of topics, including derivative instruments, leases, public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPP's"), subscription based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs"), London interbank offered rate ("LIBOR'), and pledges of future revenues. Many of the requirements are effective immediately. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for years beginning after June 15, 2022. The requirements related to financial guarantees and derivative instruments are effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This statement provides
  clarification and guidance for accounting and financial reporting related to accounting changes and error
  corrections ("ACEC"). GASB 100 also addresses disclosure requirements for ACEC, and how these items
  should be presented in Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information. The
  requirements of this statement are effective for ACECs made for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

#### V) Future Changes in Accounting Standards:

- GASB has issued Statement No. 101, Compensated absences, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
  This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
   This Statement's objective is to provide users of governmental financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 1 - Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the year
ending June 30, 2026. This Statement's objective is to improve key components of the financial reporting
model to enhance effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assisting
a government's accountability. Additionally, the statements also addresses certain application issues.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### Note 2 – Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-Wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions and other post-employment benefits. This reconciliation is performed on page 16.

B) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. This reconciliation is performed on page 18.

i) Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

ii) Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# <u>Note 2 – Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-Wide Statements</u> (continued)

### iii) Long-term debt transaction differences:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

# iv) Pension differences:

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### v) OPEB differences:

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

# Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

### **Budgets**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education, which in turn is either approved or disapproved by eligible voters in the school district. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund on May 16, 2023.

Appropriations are adopted at the program level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. No supplemental appropriations occurred during the year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget by the voters of the District for the fiscal year. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

# **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

The Capital 2021 Referendum Fund has a deficit fund balance of (\$17,181,732). This will be funded when the District obtained permanent financing for its current construction project.

### Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

Total financial institution bank balances at year-end, per the bank, were \$31,114,558. These deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the District's name.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$17,358,881 within the general fund and \$37,874 in the special revenue funds.

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either (1) insured, or for which the securities are held by the District's agent in the District's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name, or (3) uncollateralized. At June 30, 2024 all deposits were fully insured and collateralized by the District's agent in the District's name. The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with Federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Administrator of the District. The District has \$2,267,590 of money market investments as of June 30, 2024 which are considered cash and cash equivalents for financial reporting purposes.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts.
- Certificates of deposit.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations of New York State and its localities.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 4 - Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities.
- Obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

External Investment Pool: The District participates in an external investment pool, the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS). NYCLASS was established in September 1989, as a cooperative investment arrangement organized under the NYCLASS Municipal Cooperation Agreement made pursuant to New York General Municipal Law, Article 3A and 5-G. NYCLASS is available for investment by any New York State Municipal Cooperation or District. NYCLASS operates like a money market mutual fund with shares valued at \$1.00. NYCLASS is administered by and elected governing board of up to fifteen members. A board member must be either a participant's chief fiscal officer, other designated officer, or employee of the participant who has knowledge and expertise in financial matters. The board invests cooperative funds only in securities that are legal for public funds investment in New York.

The board limits these investments to repurchase agreements collateralized 102% with U.S. Treasury securities and agency securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, U.S. Treasury bills and notes, obligations of the state of New York, collateralized bank deposits, and other U.S. government guaranteed obligations. NYCLASS measures its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB standards. NYCLASS reports the amortized cost of investments to participants, which approximates fair value. NYCLASS is rated by S&P Global Ratings and the current rating was AAAm as of March 28, 2023, whereby AAAm is defined as extremely strong capacity to maintain principal stability and limit exposure to principal losses due to credit market and/or liquidity risks. As of June 30, 2024, the District's investment in NYCLASS totaled \$15,696,791 (\$15,081,532 general fund and \$615,259 capital projects fund) which are included in cash and cash equivalents. Financial statements, independently audited, of NYCLASS are available from NYCLASS at www.newyorkclass.org.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Beginning			Re	tirements/	Ending
Governmental activities:		Balance		Additions	Recl	assifications	Balance
Capital assets that are not depreciated:	,	_		_		_	
Land	\$	412,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 412,900
Construction in progress		4,231,828		21,368,309		(1,691,114)	23,909,023
Total nondepreciable historical cost		4,644,728		21,368,309		(1,691,114)	24,321,923
Capital assets that are depreciated:							
Buildings		49,054,207		-		-	49,054,207
Site Improvements		109,478,200		1,059,211		1,679,519	112,216,930
Buses		9,723,296		1,288,575		(1,140,170)	9,871,701
Furniture and equipment		8,333,830		585,331		(425,841)	8,493,320
Total depreciable historical cost		176,589,533		2,933,117		113,508	179,636,158
Less: accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings		43,080,626		3,941,190		-	47,021,816
Site Improvements		30,468,175		844,034		(11,595)	31,300,614
Buses		6,747,744		740,832		(1,127,606)	6,360,970
Furniture and equipment		5,719,223		534,793		(417,421)	5,836,595
Total accumulated depreciation		86,015,768		6,060,849		(1,556,622)	90,519,995
Total depreciable historical cost, net	\$	95,218,493	\$	18,240,577	\$	(20,984)	\$ 113,438,086
Depreciation expense was charged to	,	_				_	
governmental functions as follows:							
Administrative services			\$	256,464			
Regular Instruction			•	4,186,734			
Special education instruction				600,416			
Pupil services				48,033			
Operating & maintenance of plant				104,048			
Pupil transportation				865,154			
·			\$	6,060,849			

# Note 6 - Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance		Issued		Redeemed		Ending	
							Balance	
BAN Maturing 7/18/2024 at 4.75%	\$	-	\$ 1	15,100,000	\$		\$ 15,100,000	

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 7 - Long-Term Debt Obligations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the un-matured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

#### **Serial Bonds**

The School District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The provisions will be in the General Fund's future budgets for capital indebtedness.

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

\$ 1,965,528
(1,824)
 _
\$ 1,963,704
\$

In October 2019, certain general obligation bonds were defeased by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The liability for the defeased bonds, \$80,000, and the trust account assets are not included in the financial statements.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 7 – Long-Term Debt Obligations (continued)

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Government activities:								
Bonds and notes payable:								
General obligation debt:								
2013 issue	\$ 4,065,000	\$ -	\$	435,000	\$	3,630,000	\$	455,000
2016 issue	4,570,000	-		510,000		4,060,000		535,000
2018 issue	1,295,000	-		130,000		1,165,000		135,000
2018 Bus issue	135,000	-		135,000		-		-
2019 Bus issue	280,000	-		140,000		140,000		140,000
Refunded 2010 issue	445,000	-		380,000		65,000		65,000
2020 issue	6,140,000	-		310,000		5,830,000		325,000
2020 Bus issue	430,000	-		140,000		290,000		145,000
2021 issue	2,405,000	-		140,000		2,265,000		145,000
2021 Bus Bond	580,000	-		140,000		440,000		145,000
2022 Revenue Bonds	21,020,000	-		1,185,000		19,835,000		1,245,000
2023 Bus Bond	886,070	-		156,070		730,000		180,000
2024 Bus Bond	-	1,162,821		-		1,162,821		212,821
Lease-purchase obligation	135,000			135,000				-
Total bonds and notes payable	42,386,070	1,162,821		3,936,070		39,612,821		3,727,821
Other liabilities:								
Due to employee's retirement system	396,552	499,414		396,552		499,414		499,414
Due to teachers' retirement system - employee	297,477	349,845		297,477		349,845		349,845
Due to teachers' retirement system - employer	3,595,485	3,542,519		3,595,485		3,542,519		3,542,519
Compensated absences	2,985,044	3,066,017		2,985,044		3,066,017		233,775
Other post-employment benefits payable	202,663,934	14,160,007		8,836,688		207,987,253		9,843,406
Net pension liability	11,375,564	-		3,736,010		7,639,554		-
Premium on bond refunding	4,655,730			409,020		4,246,710		
Total other liabilities	225,969,786	21,617,802	_	20,256,276		227,331,312		14,468,959
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 268,355,856	\$ 22,780,623	\$	24,192,346	\$	266,944,133	\$	18,196,780

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 7 - Long-Term Debt Obligations (continued)

The following is a schedule of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024:

	Date of	Original	Maturity	Interest	Balance
_	Original Issue	Amount	Date	Rate	June 30, 2024
2013 Serial Bond	6/13/2013	7,610,000	6/15/2042	3.00%-4.00%	\$ 3,630,000
2016 Serial Bond	6/15/2016	7,440,000	6/15/2031	5.00%	4,060,000
2018 Serial Bond	6/7/2018	1,835,000	6/15/2032	4.00%-5.00%	1,165,000
2018 Bus Bond	7/16/2018	639,005	6/15/2023	2.50%-2.625%	-
2019 Bus Bond	7/15/2019	675,137	7/15/2024	1.85%-2.00%	140,000
2019 Refunding Bond	10/22/2019	2,715,000	4/15/2025	1.50%-5.00%	65,000
2020 Serial Bonds	6/17/2020	6,885,000	6/15/2040	3.00%-5.00%	5,830,000
2020 Bus Bond	9/15/2020	681,556	9/15/2025	1.00%	290,000
2021 Serial Bonds	6/16/2021	2,600,000	6/15/2036	4.00%-5.00%	2,265,000
2021 Bus Bond	10/15/2021	713,659	10/15/2026	.875%-1.00%	440,000
2022 Revenue Bonds	6/15/2022	21,835,000	6/15/2036	5.00%	19,835,000
2023 Bus Bond	10/18/2022	886,070	4/15/2028	3.625%-3.875%	730,000
2024 Bus Bond	10/16/2023	1,162,821	10/15/2028	4.00%-5.375%	1,162,821
					\$ 39,612,821

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

	Serial Bonds				
		Principal		Interest	 Total
Fiscal year ended June 30,					
2025	\$	3,727,821	\$	1,853,562	\$ 5,581,383
2026		3,680,000		1,671,487	5,351,487
2027		3,690,000		1,513,794	5,203,794
2028		3,490,000		1,350,190	4,840,190
2029		3,250,000		1,187,731	4,437,731
5 subsequent years: 2030 - 2034		14,225,000		3,717,125	17,942,125
5 subsequent years: 2035 - 2039		6,805,000		699,400	7,504,400
5 subsequent years: 2040 - 2044		745,000		47,950	 792,950
Totals	\$	39,612,821	\$	12,041,239	\$ 51,654,060

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 8 – Interfund Balances and Activity

		Interfund				Interfund			
	R	Receivable		<u>Payable</u>		Revenues		penditures	
General Fund	\$	771,715	\$	1,499,160	\$	666,824	\$	2,106,762	
Special Aid Funds		-		168,947		106,762		-	
School Lunch Fund		149,370		102,455		-		-	
Capital Funds		1,499,160		649,683		2,000,000		666,824	
Total government activities	\$	2,420,245	\$	2,420,245	\$	2,773,586	\$	2,773,586	

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Fund to help fund capital renovations and additions. The district also transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid fund to fund the local portion of the Special Education Summer School Program. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

# Note 9 - Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted net position in the general fund consist of the following at June 30, 2024:

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	\$ 1,067,605
Reserve for encumbrances	1,921,998
Unreserved	 4,450,193
Total unrestricted net position general fund	\$ 7,439,796

# Note 10 - Pension Plans

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS).

# **Plan Description and Benefits Provided**

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10-member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) (continued)

Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a Statute. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report and additional information may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

### Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as, death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	NYSTRS	NYSERS
2021-2022	\$ 3,311,079	\$ 1,643,847
2022-2023	3,595,485	1,287,546
2023-2024	3,542,519	1,586,208

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year. ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

<u>Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2023 for TRS and March 31, 2024 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District:

	ERS	TRS
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/2023	6/30/2022
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (5,476,018)	\$ (2,163,536)
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0371910%	0.1891890%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's recognized pension expense of \$6,145,140 for TRS and \$2,595,185 for ERS.

At June 30, 2024, the District has reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outfle	ow of resources	Deferred inflow	w of resources		
	ERS	TRS	ERS	TRS		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,763,821	\$ 5,245,999	\$ 149,317	\$ 12,965		
Changes of assumption	2,070,360	4,658,029	-	1,015,192		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,105,957	2,675,006	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	516,625	240,373	41,098	128,644		
District's contribution subsequent to the measurement date	-	3,892,962	-	-		
Total	\$ 4,350,806	\$ 15,143,320	\$ 2,865,421	\$ 1,156,801		

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/(liability) in the year ended March 31, 2025 for ERS and June 30, 2024 for TRS. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended:	ERS	TRS
2024	\$ -	\$ 916,830
2025	(817,855)	(1,083,669)
2026	1,156,276	8,717,499
2027	1,685,758	666,250
2028	(538,794)	542,596
Thereafter		334,050
	\$ 1,485,385	\$ 10,093,556

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2023	June 30, 2022
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary increases	4.40%	1.95%-5.18%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP2021. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed April 1, 2020.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	E	RS	TRS					
		Long-term		Long-term				
		expected		expected				
	Target	Real rate	Target	Real rate				
	Allocation	of return	Allocation	of return				
	2024	2024	2023	2023				
Asset type								
Domestic equity	32%	4.00%	33.00%	6.80%				
International equity	15%	6.65%	15.00%	7.60%				
Real estate	9%	4.60%	11.00%	6.30%				
Private equities	10%	7.25%	9.00%	10.10%				
Domestic fixed income securities	0%	0.00%	16.00%	2.20%				
Global fixed income securities	0%	0.00%	2.00%	1.60%				
Credit	4%	5.40%	0.00%	0.00%				
High-yield fixed income securities	23%	1.50%	1.00%	4.40%				
Private debt	0%	0.00%	2.00%	6.00%				
Real estate debt	0%	0.00%	6.00%	3.20%				
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	5.25%	0.00%	0.00%				
Cash	1%	0.25%	1.00%	0.30%				
Global equities	0%	0.00%	4.00%	7.20%				
Real assets	3%	5.79%	0.00%	0.00%				
	100%		100%					

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 10 - Pension Plans (continued)

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/(liability) was 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/(liability).

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as of June 30, 2024 calculated using the discount rate of 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.95% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.95% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(4.90%)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (17,217,161)	\$ (5,476,018)	\$ 4,330,272
TRS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (32,951,750)	\$ (2,163,536)	\$ 23,730,684

# **Changes of Assumptions**

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits.

#### Collective Pension Expense

Collective pension expense includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension asset/(liability), projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The collective pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 is \$6,345,061,000 for ERS and \$3,249,497,237 for TRS.

# **Notes to Financial Statements** For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 10 – Pension Plans (continued)

# Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2024 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$3,892,364.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$499,414 of employer contributions.

# Note 11 – Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits

# A. General information about the plan and benefits

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. The Plan does not issue a separate financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Funding Policy - The obligation of the Plan members and employers are established by action of the District pursuant to applicable collective bargaining and other employment agreements. Employees contribute varying percentages of premiums, depending on when retired and their applicable agreement. Employees are required to reach age 55 and have 5 to 15 years of service to qualify for other post-employment benefits. The District currently funds the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year ended June 30, 2024, approximately \$5,685,000 was paid on behalf of retirees.

Benefits Provided - The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2024 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Survivors	520
Active employees	700
	1,220

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 11 - Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

# B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$207,987,253 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.00%

Discount Rate 3.65%

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:** 

Medical 7.80% for 2024, decreasing to 3.94% by 2093

Dental 2.00% Vision 1.00%

The Discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table for employees, sex distinct, job category-specific, headcount weighted, and adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

Retirement participation rate assumed that 100% of eligible employees will elect to participate in medical and dental coverage at retirement age, and 60% will elect vision coverage. Teachers and Administrators and 100% of participants other than Teachers and Administrators will elect medical and dental coverage at retirement age. The participation rate assumed that 90% of Teachers and Administrators will include spouse coverage, while spouses of participants other than Teachers and Administrators are assumed to participate at a rate of 50% for medical and dental coverage, and 60% for vision coverage. It is assumed that 70% of retirees will be married at the time of their retirement. Additionally, a tiered approach based on age and years of service was used to determine retirement rate assumption. Termination rates are based on tables used by the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Retirement System for female employees. Rates are tiered based on the percentage of employees who will terminate employment at any given age each year, for reasons other than death or retirement.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 11 - Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

# C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes for the Year:
Service cost 6,833,852
Interest 7,326,155
Changes of benefit terms -
Differences between expected and actual experience -
Changes in assumptions or other inputs (3,748,225)
Benefit payments (5,088,463)
Net changes 5,323,319
Balance at June 30, 2024 \$ 207,987,253

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.54% in 2023 to 3.65% in 2024.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.65%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate.

		Current Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	<del></del>		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 245,889,407	\$ 207,987,253	\$ 177,896,126

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate — The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

#### Healthcare

		Current Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 172,766,664	\$ 207,987,253	\$ 253,987,459

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 11 - Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$9,843,406. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,619,536	\$ 5,373,419
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	14,935,315	20,880,735
Contributions subsequent to the measurement period	5,412,837	
	\$ 23,967,688	\$ 26,254,154

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount		
2025	\$	(456,874)	
2026		777,597	
2027		(2,910,628)	
2028		(3,808,104)	
2029		(1,192,123)	
Thereafter		(109,171)	
	\$	(7,699,303)	

### Note 12 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District incurs costs related to an employee health insurance plan (plan). The plan objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Districts joining the plan must remain a member for a minimum of two years; a member may withdraw from the plan after that time by providing written intent to withdraw on or before May 1<sup>st</sup> of the commencement of the school year for which the withdrawal is intended to be effective. The Central New York Health Insurance consortium has thirty (30) members with each bearing a pro-rata share of the plan's assets and claims liabilities. Plan members are subject to a pro-rata supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Note 12 - Risk Management (continued)

If the plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the plan's liabilities. The plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. All plan cash accounts are collateralized by securities held by the financial institution where deposits are made. The plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount.

Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of the claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. The District incurred premiums totaling \$19,843,795 for the current year. Payments of claims and claim adjustment expenses are pooled for the group and each member's premiums are adjusted accordingly.

The District incurs costs related to an employee workers' compensation plan. The plan objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Districts joining the plan must remain a member for a minimum of two years; a member may withdraw from the plan after that time by submitting written notice prior to January 31<sup>st</sup> effective the next June 30<sup>th</sup>. The Onondaga Cortland Madison Workers' Compensation Consortium includes thirty-one (31) members with each bearing a pro-rata share of the plan's assets and claims liabilities. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the plan's liabilities. The plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses.

The District's share of the Consortium's outstanding case reserves that includes estimates of future payments totals \$1,660,459 as of June 30, 2024. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of the claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. The District incurred premiums totaling approximately \$422,000 for the current year. Payments of claims and claim adjustment expenses are pooled for the group and each member's premiums are adjusted accordingly.

### Note 13 - Donor-Restricted Endowments

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purposes of student scholarships. Donor-restricted endowments are reported at fair value. The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments, when applicable, in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 14 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the district's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

New York State Education Law requires that most capital projects require approval by the New York Office of Facilities Planning. New York State provides building aid for certain type of capital projects undertaken by school districts. Building aid is subject to numerous reporting requirements. The failure to adhere to these reporting requirements could lead to the refund of building aid already received and the loss of future aid on these particular capital projects. Building aid represents a significant source of financing for the Districts' financing of such projects and any loss or refund of building aid could have a significant impact on these financial statements.

Several tax certiorari actions are pending against the District for reductions in the assessment value of various properties. Management believes that the likelihood of a reduction is probable. Provisions for losses for those cases are recorded as long-term liabilities. The District plans on funding any settlements from the Tax Certiorari Reserve, and/or future appropriations.

The majority of the District's employees are covered by various collective bargaining agreements. The Fayetteville-Manlius Teacher's Association represents the largest percentage of employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement. Employees represented by this agreement include teachers, department chairpersons/team leaders, school counselors, librarians, school psychologists, social workers, registered nurses, occupational therapists, physical therapists and speech therapists. This agreement is through June 30, 2026. The district has additional collective bargaining agreements in place with different expiration dates.

# Note 15 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 7, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On July 17, 2024, the District issued \$44,800,000 in bond anticipation notes at an interest rate of 4.500% maturing on July 17, 2025. The proceeds were used to pay the \$15,100,000 bond anticipation note and the remaining proceeds are being used to pay construction costs.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress Other Postemployment Benefits For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	 2023	 2022		2021	 2020	 2019	2018
Measurement date		July 1, 2023	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2021		July 1, 2020	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Total OPEB liability	\$	207,987,253	\$ 202,663,934	\$ 214,992,369	\$	204,429,335	\$ 171,541,210	\$ 165,731,550	\$ 178,212,604
Service cost		6,833,852	7,742,272	7,859,973		5,431,175	5,626,937	5,907,525	7,686,685
Interest		7,326,155	4,716,436	4,643,489		6,121,762	6,556,858	6,565,351	5,734,503
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	(230,970)		(918,361)	(366,332)	228,677	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement		-	5,351,370	-		(12,840,915)	-	(20,068,530)	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(3,748,225)	(25,457,606)	2,643,830		39,224,235	(2,146,553)	(1,615,505)	(27,086,466)
Benefit payments	_	(5,088,463)	 (4,680,907)	 (4,353,288)	_	(4,129,771)	 (3,861,250)	 (3,498,572)	 (3,292,083)
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,323,319	(12,328,435)	10,563,034		32,888,125	5,809,660	(12,481,054)	(16,957,361)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	202,663,934	 214,992,369	 204,429,335	_	171,541,210	 165,731,550	 178,212,604	 195,169,965
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	207,987,253	\$ 202,663,934	\$ 214,992,369	\$	204,429,335	\$ 171,541,210	\$ 165,731,550	\$ 178,212,604
Covered payroll		50,871,699	48,651,665	45,684,065	\$	44,837,765	\$ 44,268,754	\$ 41,502,998	\$ 41,209,768
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		409%	417%	471%		456%	387%	399%	432%

Note: The District does not have assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions to pay OPEB benefits. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Real property taxes	\$ 70,126,	935 \$	70,126,935	\$ 70,152,428	\$ 25,493
Nonproperty taxes	175,	000	175,000	201,760	26,760
Charges for services	95,	000	95,000	251,262	156,262
Use of money and property	806,	100	806,100	2,344,967	1,538,867
Sale of property and compensation					
for loss	41,	000	41,000	213,892	172,892
Miscellaneous	1,160,	000	1,160,000	1,120,917	(39,083)
Total local sources	72,404,	035	72,404,035	74,285,226	1,881,191
State sources	31,928,	660	31,928,660	32,334,104	405,444
Medicaid reimbursement	315,	000	315,000	358,877	43,877
Total revenues	104,647,	695	104,647,695	106,978,207	2,330,512
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds		-	-	666,824	666,824
Designated for subsequent				,	,
year expenditures			-		
Total revenues and other	\$ 104,647,	695 \$	104,647,695	\$ 107,645,031	\$ 2,997,336
Financing sources					

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual (Budgetary Basis)	En	Year-End cumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances		
EXPENDITURES										
General support										
Board of education	\$ 66,895	\$	58,950	\$	41,361	\$	330	\$	17,259	
Central administration	347,871		367,610		345,780		-		21,830	
Finance	1,117,121		922,913		879,135		14,975		28,803	
Staff	460,795		514,182		482,618		23,742		7,822	
Central services	7,346,145		7,504,891		6,666,266		406,194		432,431	
Special items	 724,577		752,092	_	735,597		4,705		11,790	
Total general support	10,063,404		10,120,638		9,150,757		449,946		519,935	
Instruction										
Administration and improvement	3,667,370		3,699,431		3,561,771		480		137,180	
Teaching - regular school	32,909,771		32,685,248		31,560,472		605,330		519,446	
Programs for students with disabilities	7,995,907		8,109,517		7,594,734		466,190		48,593	
Teaching - special schools	208,147		182,525		163,503		-		19,022	
Instructional media	3,939,207		4,197,979		4,176,684		677		20,618	
Pupil services	 4,605,853		5,212,888		5,069,343		2,457		141,088	
Total instruction	\$ 53,326,255	\$	54,087,588	\$	52,126,507	\$	1,075,134	\$	885,947	

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Pupil transportation Employee benefits Debt service	28,1	175,875 129,712 101,599	\$ 5,729,541 28,140,473 5,901,511	\$ 5,555,799 27,338,581 5,899,774	\$ 45,975 350,944 -	\$ 127,767 450,948 1,737
Total expenditures	102,8	396,845	103,979,751	100,071,418	1,921,999	1,986,334
OTHER FINANCING USES  Transfer to other funds	2,0	070,000	 2,106,762	 2,106,761	 	 1_
Total expenditures and other uses	104,9	966,845	 106,086,513	 102,178,179	\$ 1,921,999	\$ 1,986,335
Net change in fund balance	(3	319,150)	(1,438,818)	5,466,852		
Fund balance - beginning			 	 19,331,825		
Fund balance - ending	\$ (3	319,150)	\$ (1,438,818)	\$ 24,798,677		

### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

# **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions For the year ended June 30, 2024

Teachers' Retirement System																			
		2024	_	2023		2022	_	2021		2020	_	2019		2018	_	2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,542,519	\$	3,595,485	\$	3,311,079	\$	3,119,386	\$	2,805,280	\$	3,327,020	\$	3,026,713	\$	4,016,868	\$ 5,123,299	\$	4,667,512
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		3,542,519		3,595,485		3,311,079	_	3,119,386	_	2,805,280	_	3,327,020	_	3,026,713		4,016,868	 5,123,299	_	4,667,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	36,296,301	\$	34,941,545	\$	33,786,520	\$	32,732,281	\$	31,662,299	\$	31,327,872	\$	30,018,618	\$	30,175,399	\$ 28,882,241	\$	26,610,673
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10%		10%		10%		10%		9%		11%		10%		13%	18%		18%
Employees' Retirement System																			
	_	2024		2023		2022	_	2021		2020	_	2019		2018	_	2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,586,208	\$	1,287,546	\$	1,643,847	\$	1,549,570	\$	1,488,451	\$	1,418,175	\$	1,385,753	\$	1,402,601	\$ 1,630,005	\$	1,725,018
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,586,208		1,287,546		1,643,847	_	1,549,570		1,488,451	_	1,418,175		1,385,753		1,402,601	 1,630,005		1,725,018
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$ _	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	13,142,135	\$	11,859,760	\$	10,776,700	\$	11,208,058	\$	10,735,899	\$	10,047,627	\$	11,191,150	\$	11,040,321	\$ 9,491,777	\$	10,975,012
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12%		11%		15%		14%		14%		14%		12%		13%	17%		16%

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) For the year ended June 30, 2024

				Teacher	s' Ret	irement System														
		2024 2023			2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	(	as restated) 2017		2016	_	2015	
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)		0.189189%		0.191057%		0.192847%		0.186664%		0.187686%		0.189607%		0.190452%		0.187170%		0.018719%		1.858390%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(2,163,536)	\$	(3,666,173)	\$	33,418,498	\$	(5,158,025)	\$	4,876,100	\$	3,428,592	\$	1,447,627	\$	(2,006,205)	\$	23,273,012	\$	25,630,495
District's covered payroll	\$	36,296,301	\$	34,941,545	\$	33,786,520	\$	32,732,281	\$	31,662,299	\$	31,327,872	\$	30,018,618	\$	30,175,399	\$	28,882,241	\$	26,610,673
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		-6%		-10%		99%		-16%		15%		11%		5%		-7%		81%		96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.20%		98.60%		113.20%		97.80%		102.20%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%		111.48%
Employees' Retirement System																				
	_	2024		2023	_	2022	2021			2020	2019		2018		2017		2016		_	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)		0.0371910%		0.0359512%		0.0326881%		0.0337670%		0.0318449%		0.0327287%		0.0306827%		0.0317576%		0.0326664%		3.2748100%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(5,476,018)	\$	(7,709,391)	\$	2,672,120	\$	(33,623)	\$	(8,432,720)	\$	(2,318,927)	\$	(990,267)	\$	(2,984,016)	\$	(5,243,052)	\$	(1,106,306)
District's covered payroll	\$	13,142,135	\$	11,859,760	\$	10,776,700	\$	11,208,058	\$	10,735,899	\$	10,047,627	\$	11,191,150	\$	11,040,321	\$	9,491,777	\$	10,975,012
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		41.7%		65.0%		24.8%		0.3%		79%		23%		9%		27%		55%		10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.88%		90.78%		103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%		97.90%

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET			
Adopted budget		\$	104,966,845
Add: prior year's encumbrances			1,093,144
Original budget			106,059,989
Budget revision:  Athletic Gate Proceeds  Home School Association gifts for playground equipment			
Appropriation of Capital Reserve Appropriation of Tax Certiorari Reserve			26,524
Revised budget		\$	106,086,513
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
2024-2025 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2024-2025 budget)		\$	111,254,879
General Fund-Fund Balance Subject to 1318 of Real Property Tax Law *: Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$ 2,989,603 4,450,193 7,439,796	- -	
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance Total adjustments	 1,067,605 1,921,998 2,989,603	-	
General Fund-Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$	4,450,193
Actual percentage			4.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund-fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

#### Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District Schedule of Project Expenditures -Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Expenditures										Fund							
	Original		Revised		Prior		Current				Unexpended		Proceeds of		Method	IS OI FII	Local				Balance
	Budget		Budget		Years		Year		Total		Balance		Obligations		State Aid		Sources		Total	Ji	une 30, 2024
PROJECT TITLE			8									_				5041005		_			
December 2021 Ref																					
Alterations: High School (and pre-ref )	\$ 52,000,0	00 \$	52,000,000	Ś	3,568,172	Ś	20,813,560	\$	24,381,732	Ś	27,618,268	Ś	_	\$		\$	7,200,000	Ś	7,200,000	Ś	(17,181,732)
,	, , .		,,,,,,,,		-,,	•	.,,.	·	,,-	•	,,	·		·			,,		,,	•	( , - , - ,
December 2017 Ref																					
Alterations: Wellwood (and pre-ref WW)	34,166,0		34,166,061		34,474,451		-		34,474,451		(308,390)		23,901,869		-		10,572,582		34,474,451		-
	34,166,0	61	34,166,061		34,474,451		-		34,474,451		(308,390)		23,901,869		-		10,572,582		34,474,451		-
Non-Major																					
Bus Purchase 23-24 Bond	1,182,1	21	1,162,821		-		1,162,821		1,162,821				1,162,821		-		-		1,162,821		
2022/23 Capital Transfer Projects-Fay El Air Cond	1,395,0		1,389,560		452,853		900,988		1,353,841		35,719		-		-		1,389,560		1,389,560		35,719
2022/23 Capital Transfer Projects-Enders Entrance	105,0		110,440		18,310		83,056		101,366		9,074		-		-		110,440		110,440		9,074
SAM Grant Baseball Field	200,0		200,000		137,968		55,417		193,385		6,615		-		193,385		-		193,385		-
Eagle Hill Emerg-Exhaust Hood	200,0		200,000		79,650		106,441		186,091		13,909		-		-		186,091		186,091		-
2023/24 Capital Transfer Project-Mott Rd	2,000,0	00	2,000,000		72,445		633,292		705,737		1,294,263		-		-		2,000,000		2,000,000		1,294,263
	5,082,1	21	5,062,821		761,226		2,942,015	_	3,703,241		1,359,580	_	1,162,821	_	193,385	_	3,686,091	_	5,042,297		1,339,056
Totals	\$ 91,248,1	82 \$	91,228,882	\$	38,803,849	\$	23,755,575	\$	62,559,424	\$	28,669,458	\$	25,064,690	\$	193,385	\$	21,458,673	\$	46,716,748	\$	(15,842,676)

# FAYETTEVILLE-MANLIUS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Net Investment in Capital Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital assets, net \$ 113,438,086

Add:

Savings on old bond defeasement 15,000

Deduct:

Bond anticipation notes(15,100,000)Premium on bond refunding(4,246,710)Short-term portion of bonds payable(3,727,821)Long-term portion of bonds payable(35,885,000)

Total deductions (58,959,531)

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 54,493,555



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District Manlius, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Syracuse, New York October 7, 2024



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District Manlius, New York

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
  and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over

compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purposed described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitation, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Syracuse, New York October 7, 2024

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### For the year ended June 30, 2024

U.S. Department of Agriculture:	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Current Year Expenditures
(Passed through the State Department of Education)				
(Grantor's No. 251601060000)				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553			\$ 23,239
National School Lunch Program	10.555			168,846
National School Lunch Program (Food Distribution)	10.555			122,976
National Special Milk Program	10.556			13,048
Total Child Nutrition Cluster and total U.S. Department of Agriculture				328,109
U.S. Department of Education:				
(Passed through the State Department of Education) (Grantor's No. 251601060000)				
IDEA, Part B Cluster				
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, B)	84.027A	0032-24-0649		985,495
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A	0033-24-0649		15,510
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, B) - American Rescue Plan	84.027X	5532-22-0649		9,197
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) - American Rescue Plan	84.173X	5533-22-0649		10,061
Total IDEA, Part B Cluster				1,020,263
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010A	0021-24-2135		191,367
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010A	0021-23-2135		2,276
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II, A)	84.367A	0147-24-2135		99,623
Education Stabilization Funds				
Coronavirus Response & Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA) ESSER 2	84.425D	5891-21-2135		6,024
American Rescue Plan (ARP) Universal Pre-K	84.425U	5870-24-9093		453,600
Total Education Stabilization Funds				459,624
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,773,153
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,101,262

# **Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. CFDA numbers and pass-through numbers are provided, when available.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's federal award programs and presents transactions that are included in the financial statements of the District presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District's federal award programs and presents transactions that are included in the financial statements of the District presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data provided. Fayetteville-Manlius Central School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### 4. Food Distribution

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted approximately \$123,000 of commodities under the National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) for the June 30, 2024 fiscal year.

# **Summary of Audit Results**

# For the year ended June 30, 2024

I.	Summary of Audit Results			
	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditor's report issued:	unmodified		
	Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a	Yes	Х	_No
	material weakness?	Yes	Х	None reported
	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	Yes	Х	_No
	Federal Awards			
	Internal control over major programs:  Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a	Yes	Х	_No
	material weakness?	Yes	Х	_None reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	Х	_No
	Identification of major programs:  Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	r(s)	
	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027A, 84.	173A	, 84.027X, 84.173X
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$	750,000		

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

X Yes No

# Schedule Findings and Questioned Costs For the year ended June 30, 2024

# **Section II. Financial Statement Findings**

None reported

# **Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None reported

# **Section IV. Prior Year Findings**

There were no findings in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.